

PHYS 2102

Exam 3

Spring 2000

Dr. Aktash

Name : _____

SS # : _____

You have **five questions**: **20** points each.

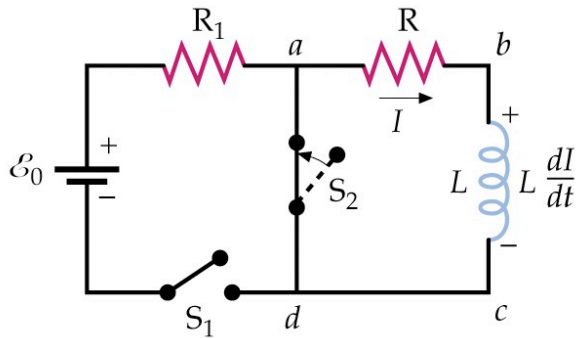
This is a **closed** book exam. I understand I am **not to use any notes or information** other than on this exam sheet. I may use a pocket **calculator** but only for the purpose of **numerical calculation**. I **accept the responsibility** to know and observe the requirements of the **UNC-Charlotte Code of Student Academic Integrity**.

Signature

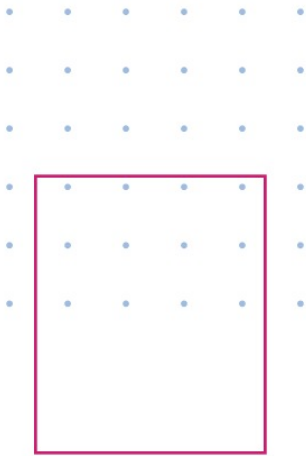
Good luck

Show all of **your work**. Do not skip steps. First **write down** the relevant **equations** then **substitute the numbers** if necessary.

1. An inductance L and resistance R are connected in series with a battery as in Figure below. A long time after switch S_1 is closed, the current is 2.5 A. When the battery is switched out of the circuit by opening switch S_1 and closing S_2 , the current drops to 1.5 A in 45 ms. (a) What is the time constant for this circuit? (b) If $R = 0.4 \Omega$, what is L ?



2. The rectangular coil in Figure below has 80 turns, is 25 cm wide and 30 cm long, and is located in a magnetic field $B = 1.4 \text{ T}$ directed out of the page as shown, with only half of the coil in the region of the magnetic field. The resistance of the coil is $24 \ \Omega$. Find the magnitude and direction of the induced current if the coil is moved with a speed of 2 m/s (a) to the right, (b) up, (c) to the left, and (d) down.



3. A particle has a displacement $x = 0.4 \cos(3t + \pi/4)$, where x is in meters and t is in seconds. (a) Find the frequency f and period T of the motion. (b) Where is the particle at $t = 0$? (c) Where is the particle at $t = 0.5$ s? (d) Find an expression for the velocity of the particle whose position is given above (e) What is the velocity at time $t = 0$? (f) What is the maximum velocity? (g) At what time after $t = 0$ does this maximum velocity first occur?

4. A harmonic wave moves down a string with speed 12.4 m/s. A particle on the string has a maximum displacement of 4.5 cm and a maximum speed of 9.4 m/s. Find (a) the wavelength of the wave, and (b) the frequency. (c) Write an equation for the wave function.

5. A standing wave on a rope is represented by the following wave function:
 $y(x, t) = 0.02 \sin(\pi x/2) \cos(40\pi t)$, where x and y are in meters and t is in seconds. (a) Write wave functions for two traveling waves that when superimposed will produce the resultant standing-wave pattern. (b) What is the distance between the nodes of the standing wave? (c) What is the velocity of a segment of the rope at $x = 1$ m? (d) What is the acceleration of a segment of the rope at $x = 1$ m?