

PHYS 2102

Exam 2

Spring 2004

Dr. Aktas

Name : _____

SS # : _____

You have **five questions, 20** points each. This is a **closed** book exam. I understand I am **not to use any notes or information** other than on this exam sheet. I may use a pocket **calculator** but only for the purpose of **numerical calculation**. I accept the **responsibility** to know and observe the requirements of the **UNC-Charlotte Code of Student Academic Integrity**.

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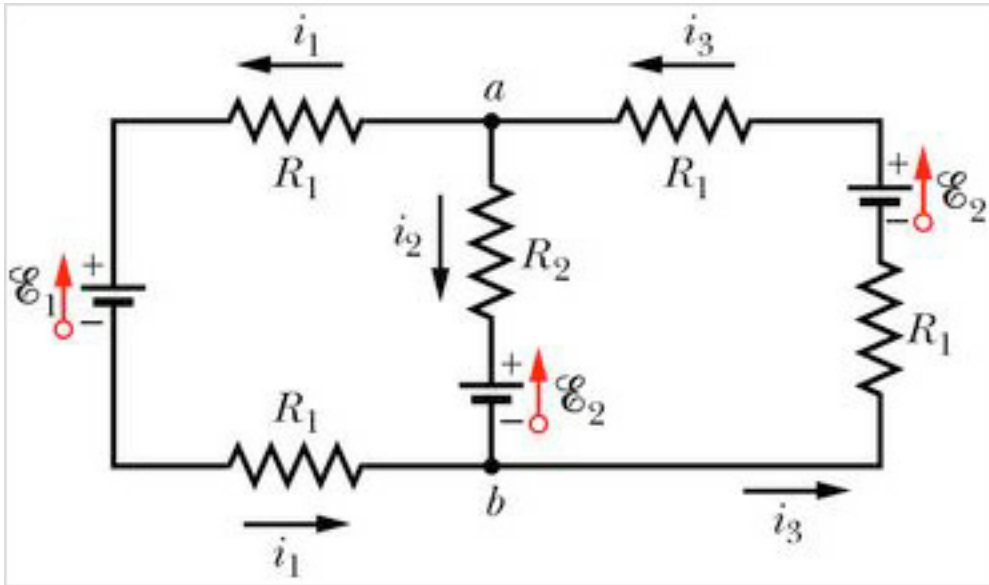
Signature

Good luck

Show all of **your work**. Do not skip steps. First **write down** the relevant **equations** then **substitute the numbers** if necessary.

1. Below figure shows a circuit whose elements have the following values:
 $\mathcal{E}_1 = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $\mathcal{E}_2 = 6.0 \text{ V}$, $R_1 = 2.0 \Omega$, $R_2 = 4.0 \Omega$.

The three batteries are ideal batteries. Find the magnitude and direction of the current in each of the three branches.

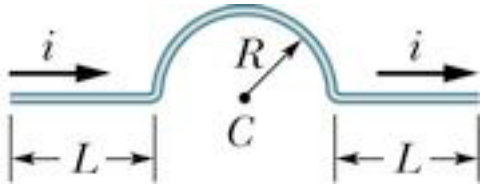


2. An electron with charge -1.6×10^{-16} C and velocity

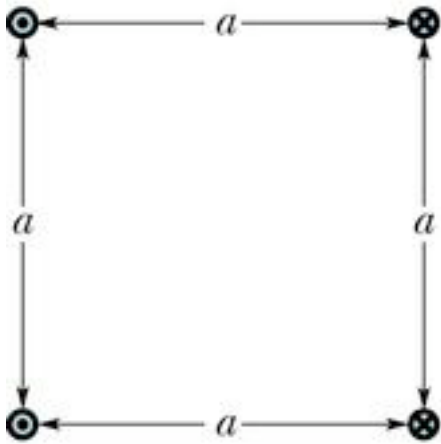
$$\vec{v} = (2.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s})\hat{i} + (3.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s})\hat{j}$$

moves through the magnetic field $\vec{B} = (0.030 \text{ T})\hat{i} - (0.15 \text{ T})\hat{j}$. (a) Find the force on the electron. (b) Repeat your calculation for a proton having the same velocity.

3. The wire shown in Fig. below carries current i . What magnetic field is produced at the center C of the semicircle by (a) each straight segment of length L , (b) the semicircular segment of radius R , and (c) the entire wire?



4. Four long copper wires are parallel to each other, their cross sections forming the corners of a square with sides $a = 20$ cm. A 20 A current exists in each wire in the direction shown in Fig. below. What are the magnitude and direction of \vec{B} at the center of the square?



5. The current density inside a long, solid, cylindrical wire of radius a is in the direction of the central axis and varies linearly with radial distance r from the axis according to $J = J_0 r/a$. Find the magnetic field inside the wire.

6. In Fig. below , the square loop of wire has sides of length 2.0 cm. A magnetic field is directed out of the page; its magnitude is given by $B = 4.0t^2y$, where B is in teslas, t is in seconds, and y is in meters. Determine the emf around the square at $t = 2.5$ s and give its direction.

