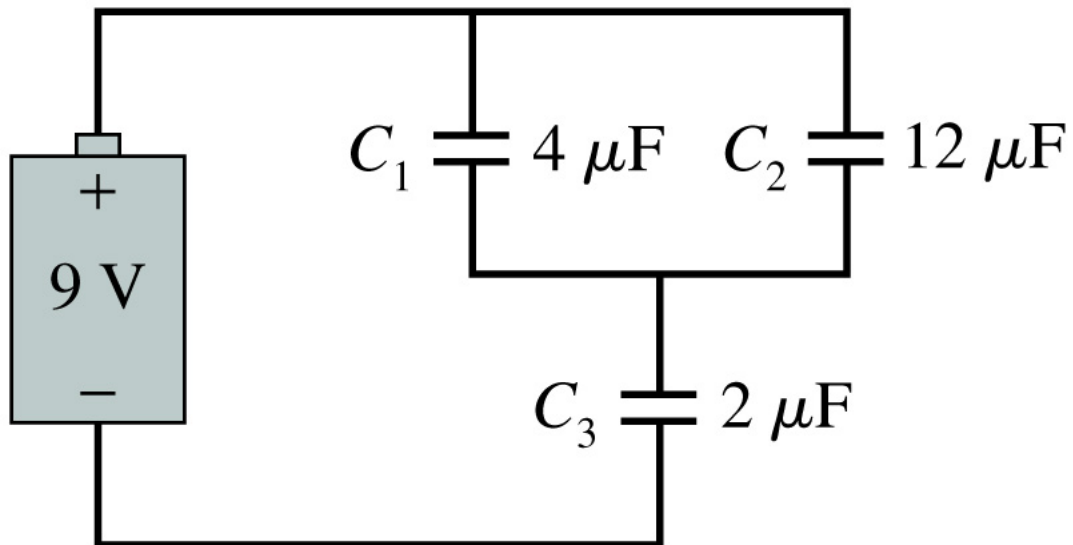


Review for Quiz 5: HW Problem 64 from Chapter 30

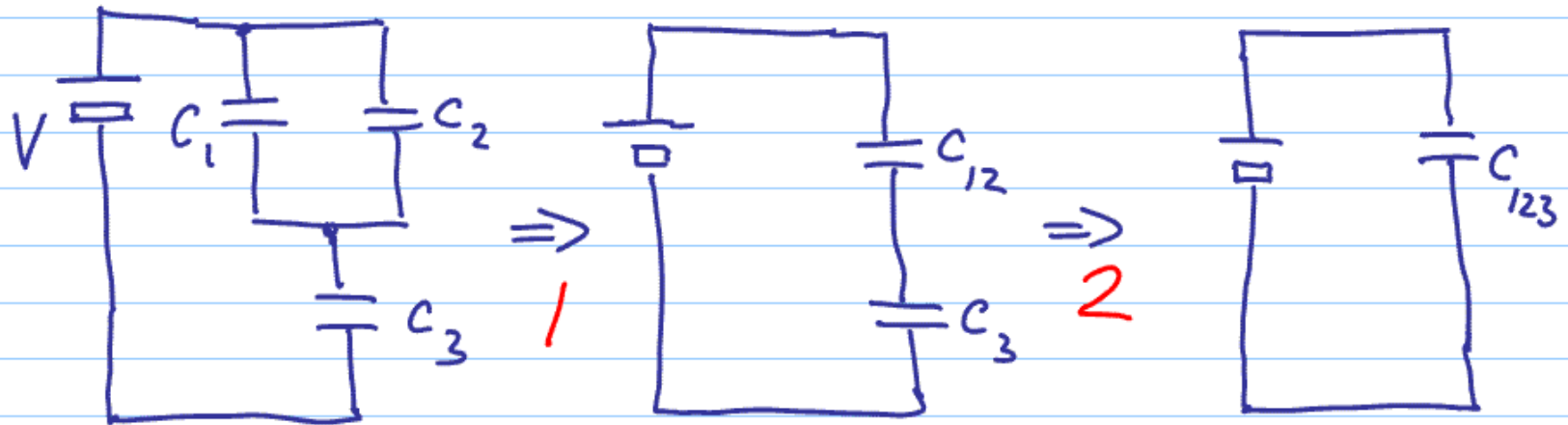


What are the charge and potential difference across each capacitor?

$$V = 9V, C_1 = 4\mu F, C_2 = 12\mu F, C_3 = 2\mu F$$

Note Title

10/4/2005



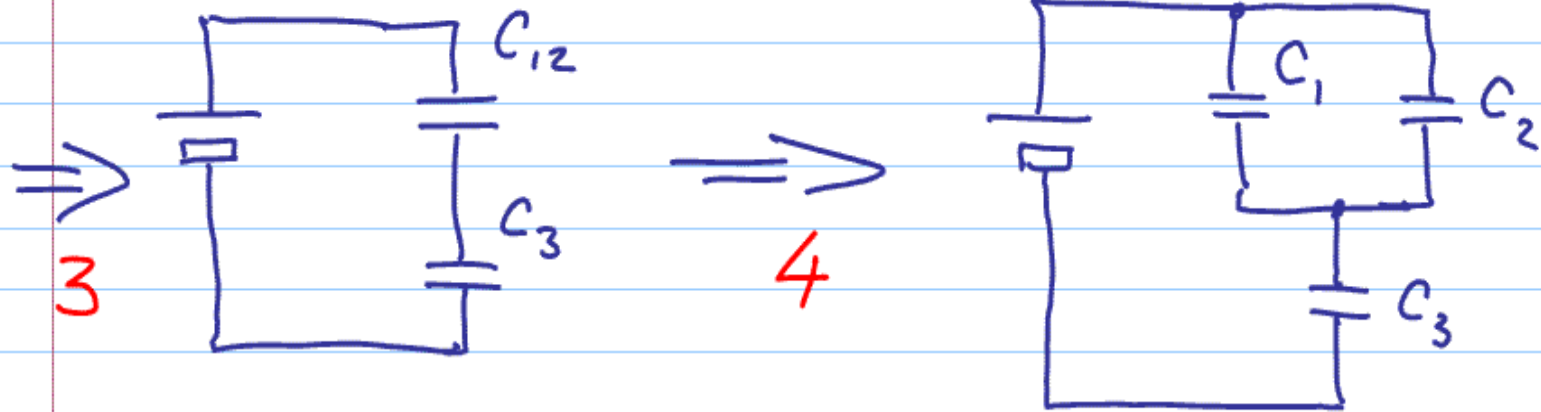
$$1: C_{12} = C_1 + C_2 = 16\mu F$$

$$2: \frac{1}{C_{123}} = \frac{1}{C_{12}} + \frac{1}{C_3} = \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1+8}{16} = \frac{9}{16} \Rightarrow$$

$$C_{123} = \frac{16}{9}\mu F, C = \frac{Q}{\Delta V} \Rightarrow$$

$$Q_{123} = C \cdot \Delta V = \frac{16}{9}\mu F \cdot 9V = 16\mu C$$

As a result of simplifying the circuit we found
 Now go back with this information added Q_{123}



3: $Q_{12} = Q_3 = Q_{123} = 16 \mu C$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} \Rightarrow V = \frac{Q}{C}$$

$$V_{12} = \frac{Q_{12}}{C_{12}} = \frac{16 \mu C}{16 \mu F} = \frac{16 \cdot 10^{-6} C}{16 \cdot 10^{-6} F} = 1V$$

$$V_3 = \frac{Q_3}{C_3} = \frac{16 \cdot 10^{-6}}{2 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 8V$$

4: $V_1 = V_2 = V_{12} = 1V$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} \Rightarrow Q = C \cdot V$$

$$Q_1 = C_1 \cdot V_1 = 4 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 1 = 4 \cdot 10^{-6} C = 4 \mu C$$

$$Q_2 = C_2 \cdot V_2 = 12 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 1 = 12 \mu C$$

$$\text{Check: } Q_1 + Q_2 = Q_{12} \Leftrightarrow 4 \mu C + 12 \mu C = 16 \mu C$$

$$\text{Answers: } V_1 = 1V, \quad Q_1 = 4 \mu C$$

$$V_2 = 1V, \quad Q_2 = 12 \mu C$$

$$V_3 = 8V, \quad Q_3 = 16 \mu C$$